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physicians are employed in vaccinating the Japanese in the infected city and throughout the different subdivisions of the kew or prefecture.

I have the honor to be, sir, your obedient servant,

JAS. F. CONNELLY,
United States Consul.

Hon. ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE.

STATISTICAL REPORTS.

AUSTRALIA—*New South Wales—Newcastle*.—Month of November, 1896. Estimated population, 15,331. Total deaths, 22. No deaths from contagious diseases.

Sydney.—Month of November, 1896. Estimated population, 408,500. Total deaths, 448, including enteric fever, 6, and diphtheria, 5.

BAHAMAS—*Dunmore Town*.—Two weeks ended January 15, 1897. Estimated population, 1,472. Total deaths, 2. No deaths from contagious diseases.

Governors Harbor.—Two weeks ended January 16, 1897. One death. No death from contagious disease.

Green Turtle Cay—Abaco.—Two weeks ended December 31, 1896. Estimated population, 3,900. No deaths.

Inagua.—Month of December, 1896. Estimated population, 1,200. No deaths.

BERMUDA.—Two weeks ended January 8, 1897. Estimated population, 15,013. Total deaths, 3. No deaths from contagious diseases.

CUBA—*Manzanillo*.—Four weeks ended December 31, 1896. Estimated population, 14,000. Total deaths, 88, including typhus fever, 5, and enteric fever, 13.

FRANCE—*Nantes*.—Month of December, 1896. Estimated population, 125,757. Total deaths, 262, including diphtheria, 2, and measles 2.

St. Etienne.—Two weeks ended January 5, 1897. Estimated population, 135,784. Total deaths, 119, including enteric fever, 1, and scarlet fever, 1.

GREAT BRITAIN—*England and Wales*.—The deaths registered in 33 great towns of England and Wales during the week ended January 9 correspond to an annual rate of 19.4 a thousand of the aggregate population, which is estimated at 10,992,524. The highest rate was recorded in Liverpool, viz, 23.6, and the lowest in Croydon, viz, 10.8 a thousand.

London.—One thousand five hundred and eighty deaths were registered during the week, including measles, 12; scarlet fever, 21; diphtheria, 71; whooping cough, 31; enteric fever, 9, and diarrhea and dysentery, 11. The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 18.5 a thousand. In greater London 2,064 deaths were registered, corresponding to an annual rate of 17.1 a thousand of the population. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 14 from diphtheria, 8 from measles, 13 from whooping cough, and 5 from scarlet fever.

Ireland.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths

registered during the week ended January 9 in the 16 principal town districts of Ireland was 29.6 a thousand of the population. The lowest rate was recorded in Tralee, viz, 5.6, and the highest in Waterford, viz, 52.5 a thousand. In Dublin and suburbs 236 deaths were registered, including scarlet fever, 4; measles, 9; whooping cough, 19; 4 from enteric fever, and 1 from typhus.

Scotland.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended January 9, correspond to an annual rate of 22.8 a thousand of the population, which is estimated at 1,549,907. The lowest mortality was recorded in Aberdeen, viz, 18.4, and the highest in Perth, viz, 32.4 a thousand. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 680, including scarlet fever, 10; diphtheria, 3; measles, 45, and whooping cough, 20.

NORFOLK ISLAND.—Month of November, 1896. Estimated population, 858. Two deaths, including 1 from whooping cough.

ST. HELENA.—Three weeks ended December 19, 1896. Estimated population, 3,600. Total deaths, 3. No deaths from contagious diseases.